Dry Survey No. 214, in the khate and anubhava of Helavana Kempaiah, and bounded on the North by Mandya Boundary, South by Remaining area, East by Survey No. 215 and West by Survey No. 213, the area required being 4 guntas, assessed at Re. 0-1-0.

Dry Survey No. 215—3, in the khate and anubhava of Kempaiah, son of Mullure Gowda, and bounded on the North by Mandya Boundary, South by Survey No. 216, East by Remaining area, and West by Survey No. 215, the area required being 4 guntas, assessed at Re. 0-1-0.

Dry Survey No. 215—4, in the khathe and anubhava of Kempaiah, son of Mullure Gowda, and bounded on the North by Mandya Boundary, South by Remaining area, East by Remaining area and West by Survey No. 215, the area required being 3½ guntas, assessed at Re. 0-1-0.

8259 H. V. VISVESVARAYYA, *P.W. Secy.*

## CHIEF SECRETARIAT

Dated 21st January 1949.

**No. P. 11587—Mig. 197-48-2.** A copy of letter No. 43236—AG. ORG. 2 (a)—11306-D. 6, dated the 14th December 1948, issued by the Government of India, Ministry of Defence, New Delhi, containing instructions for the candidates for admission into the Inter Service Wing, Armed Forces Academy, Dehra Dun, is published for the general information of the public.

8315 K. SRINIVASAN, *Chief Secy.*

## GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

MINISTRY OF DEFENCE (ARMY BRANCH).

New Delhi, dated 14th December 1948,

**No. 42236—AG. ORG. 2 (a)—11306-D. 6.**

To

All Provincial Government Administrations.

*Subject:*—Armed Forces Academy-Examination for Entry Into the Inter Services Wing.

Sir,

I am directed to address you on the subject of recruitment to the permanent cadre of the officer ranks of the Armed Forces. As the Provincial Governments are probably aware, plans are under way for the establishment of the National War Academy at Kharakvasla near Poona. But this will inevitably take some time to complete. In the meantime, it has been decided to start an experimental Inter Services Academy at Dehra Dun. The present Indian Military Academy at Dehra Dun is accordingly being re-organized to include an Inter Service Wing, in addition to its persent solely military establishment. It will thus consist of two Wings, the Military Wing which will comprise the persent I. M. A. and the Inter Services Win This Academy will be called the Armed Forces Acag.my and the first course starts on 1st January 1949. It is to be noted that the present Military (Senior) Wing will continue until July 1950, after which there will be no further direct entry and this Wing will be filled by cadets from the now Inter Services, Wing who have completed two years training.

2 Atthe Inter Services Wing, candidates for the Army, the Navy and the Air Force will receive combined pre-commission training for a period extending up to two years. The course of studies at the Academy has been designed to cover academic, in addition to military subjects, and will roughly correspond to the intermediate examination of an average Indian University. Two thirds of the training will be of an academic nature consisting of subjects like History, Economics, Civics, Science, Geography, Modern Languages, etc., and the rest will be service training which will include subjects like weapon training Elementary Fieldcraft, map reading and navigation etc. As officers in the Armed Forces, cadets at the Academy will be taught to take quick decisions and shoulder responsibility unhesitatingly. They will learn comraderie, sportsmanship and the fine art of man management, as necessary qualities to implement theirmilitary training.

3 During training, the cost of tuition, board, lodging, books, etc., is borne by Government. The successful candidates, after the first two years' training, will undergo further specialized training in the Service for which they are selected. Thus the Army cadets will pass on to the Military Wing and will do a further course of two years at the Academy, whilst the Naval and Air Force cadets will proceed to their own establishments for specialized training in their respective services.

4 There are two training course each year, one in January and the other in July. For each course there would apporximately be 200 vacancies. Entry into the Inter Services Wing will be through a preliminary examination conducted by the the written F. P. S. C. examination will subsequently have to appear before a Services Selection Board which will make recommendations for the final selection of candidates for admission to the Academy.

5 Candidates for admission to the preliminary examination must be not less than 15 and not more than 17 years of age on the first day of the month in which a course is due to commence, *i.e.*, on the 1st January and 1st July. The minimum educational qulification is matriculation or accepted equivalent examination. Candidates who have appeared at such an examination the result of which is not known, are also eligible to apply for admission to the examination. Applications have already been called for the first two courses and selections for those courses will be made from amongst those who have already applied.

6 The response to the first two courses has not been very encouraging, apparently due to want of sufficient publicity. It is, therefore, desired to give the widest publicity to future courses at the Inter-Services-Wing. Advertisements will shortly be appearing in the press inviting applications for the next *i.e.*, the third Inter Services Wing Course, commencing in January 1950. The entrance examination for the course will be held about July 1949. The applications will have to be sent by the end of May.

7 We are taking action to publicize this course through Army Commanders and other Military and Recruiting channels and military officers visiting educational establishment will bring it and its advantages to notice.

8 I am writing however to solicit the Provincial Government's assistance in addition in giving wide publicity to the course. It is requested that the information contained in the preceding paragraphs may be communicated to the Heads of Universities, Colleges, Schools etc., requesting them to give the matter the fullest publicity among the students, particularly of the age group 15 to 17 years. The Provincial Government may also employ any other menthod of publicity which they may deem appropriate with a view to achieve the desired object.

Yours Faithfully,
J. D. KAPADIA,
Joint Secretary To the Government of India.

## REVENUE SECRETARIAT

*L. :B.* 5302—*V. P.* 7-47-228, *dated 6th January* 1949.

Whereas it appears to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore that the undermentioned lands situated in Jajur village, Challakere Taluk, Chitaldrug District, are needed for a public purpose, to wit, for digging Manure pits for the use of villagers; notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern, in accordance with the provisions of Section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act No. I of 1927, and the Government hereby authorise the Deputy Commissioner, Chitaldrug District and his subordinates and also the Assistant Commissioner, Chitaldrug Sub-Division to exercise the powers conferred by Section 4 (2) of the Act. Under Sub-Section (4) of Section 17 of the Land Acquisition Act of 1894, as amended by Act No. I of 1927, the Government direct that, in view of the urgency of the case, the provisions of Section 5-A of the Act shall not apply to the acquisition of the lands noted below.

Chitaldrug District, Challakere Taluk, Parasurampura Hobli, Jajur Village.

Jajur, Survey No. 232—1, in the Khate of B. Narasimhappa and in the anubhava of Kampallaiah, and bounded on the North by Survey No. 236, South by Portion of Survey No. 232—2, East by Survey No. 233 and West by Portion of Survey No. 232—1, the area required being 32 guntas, assessed at Re. 0-7-3.

Jajur, Survey No. 232—2, in the Khate of Honnuramma *kom* Yanjariappa and in the anubhava of Kampallaiah and bounded on the North by Portion of Survey No. 322—1, South by Portion of Survey No. 232—3, East by Survey No. 233 and West by Portion of Survey No. 232—2, the area required being 24 guntas, assessed at Re. 0-5-9.

Jajur, Survey No. 232—3, in the Khate and anubhava of T. Kampallaiah and bounded on the North by Portion of Survey No. 232—2, South by Portion of Survey No. 233 and West by Remaining portion of Survey No. 232—3, the area required being 1 acre and 8 guntas, assessed at Re. 0-10-9.

*No. L.B.* 5303—*V. P.* 7-47-229, *dated 6th January* 1949.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act of 1894, as amendde by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act No. I of 1927, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore declare that the lands measuring 2 acres and 24 guntas be the same a little more or less, are needed for a public purpose, to wit, for Digging Manure Pits for the use of Villagers of Jalur Village; and under Sections 4 and 7 of the same Act, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of Chitaldrug Sub-Division is appointed t- perform the functions of a Deputy Commissioner under the Act and directed (o equordersake forefS of tthhion of the said lands. Under Sub-Sectiod